

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH OF LAKE ORION

Celebrating Subordination & Gender Distinctions in Worship: Part 1
Sunday, November 20, 2016
Dr. Juan M. Moreno

TEXT: 1 Corinthians 11:2-16

True followers of Jesus Christ honor the divine principles of subordination and gender distinctions established by God especially in worship.

I. AN ARGUMENT FROM CHRISTOLOGY AND CULTURE (11:2-6)

- A. The Principle of Subordination (11:3)
 - 1. The Meaning of "Head"

Paul uses the word *head* metaphorically to set forth the idea of subordination. Hence, *head* refers to authority.

- 2. The Application of the Concept of "Head"— Functional
 - a. Christ/Man
 - b. Man/Woman
 - c. God/Christ
- B. The Principle of Distinction in Worship (11:4-6)
 - 1. The Meaning of "Has Something on the Head"

In the Greek language, the literal meaning is "something down from the head." It can either denote some *material* which covers the head and flows down from the head, like a veil, or *long hair* that flows down from the head.

2. The Argument for Understanding the Head Covering as Long Hair

It would seem more natural to understand the phrase "down from the head" as referring to long hair.

a. Historically

In the mid-first century, men with long, loose hair styles or hair tied into a ponytail were considered effeminate and associated with homosexuality (1 Cor 6:9-11).

By the late first century and early second century women sought quasi-male status by going to public baths, by training to fight, or by hunting. They would cut their hair short in an effort to minimize the gender distinction.

b. Contextually

- (1) The text never mentions head gear, hats or veils.
- (2) The text describes man as disgracing his head by "having something on his head" [hanging down] when praying or prophesying (11:4), and this disgrace is connected to having long hair (11:14).
- (3) The text instructs the woman to pray and prophesy with her head covered because not to do so is a disgrace (11:5-6), especially when her *long hair* is given to her as her glory and for a covering (11:15).

II. AN ARGUMENT FROM CREATION (11:7-12) [Part 2: Next Week]

- A. The Image and Glory of God is Man (11:7a)
- B. The Glory of Man is Woman (11:7-10)
- C. The Mutual Dependence of Man and Woman to Each Other (11:11-12)

III. AN ARGUMENT FROM COMMON SENSE (11:13-16)

- A. Nature Itself Distinguishes Between the Sexes (11:13-14)
- B. The *Hair* is Designed to Distinguish Between the Sexes (11:14-15)

CONCLUSION